Date Revised: 11/01/2019 **Date Issued:** 02/28/2017

Version 1.1

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY

DURING BUSINESS HOURS: (800) 966-3458 | OUTSIDE BUSINESS HOURS: (800) 420-7186

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations.

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Gorilla Spray Adhesive Intended Use of the Product Adhesive.

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

The Gorilla Glue Company 2101 E. Kemper Road Cincinnati, Ohio 45241

513-271-3300

www.gorillatough.com

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 1-800-420-7186 (Prosar)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US Classification

Simple Asphy

Flam. Aerosol 1 H222 Liquefied gas H280 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2A H319 STOT SE 3 H336

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

Label Elements GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)









Signal Word (GHS-US)

: Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

: P210 - Keep away from extremely high or low temperatures, ignition sources, and

incompatible materials. - No smoking.

P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapors, mist, or spray.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.

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GORILLA

Safety Data Sheet – Gorilla Spray Adhesive

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P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 - Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P391 - Collect spillage.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 - Store locked up.

P410+P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

P410+P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 $^{\circ}$ C/122 $^{\circ}$ F.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. Contact with gas escaping the container can cause frostbite.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance

Not applicable

Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Methyl acetate	(CAS No) 79-20-9	15-40	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Cyclohexane	(CAS No) 110-82-7	5-15	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Acetone	(CAS No) 67-64-1	5-15	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
1,1-Difluoroethane	(CAS No) 75-37-6	5-15	Simple Asphy Flam. Gas 1, H220 Liquefied gas, H280
Dimethyl ether	(CAS No) 115-10-6	5-15	Simple Asphy Flam. Gas 1, H220 Liquefied gas, H280
Petroleum hydrocarbon resin	(CAS No) Proprietary	5-15	Eye Irrit. 2B, H320

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Propane	(CAS No) 74-98-6	1-5	Simple Asphy Flam. Gas 1, H220 Liquefied gas, H280
Butane	(CAS No) 106-97-8	1-5	Simple Asphy Flam. Gas 1, H220 Liquefied gas, H280
Acetaldehyde	(CAS No) 75-07-0	<0.1	Flam. Liq. 1, H224 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335
Methyl alcohol	(CAS No) 67-56-1	<0.1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapor), H331 STOT SE 1, H370
Acetic acid	(CAS No) 64-19-7	<0.1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Benzene	(CAS No) 71-43-2	<0.001	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1A, H350 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Naphthalene	(CAS No) 91-20-3	< 0.001	Flam. Sol. 2, H228 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Carc. 2, H351

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). If frostbite or freezing occurs, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water to GENTLY warm the affected area. Do not use hot water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical attention.

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: First, take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue (e.g. wear appropriate respiratory protective equipment, use the buddy system), then remove the exposed person to fresh air. Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention. If frostbite or freezing occurs, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water to GENTLY warm the affected area. Do not use hot water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical attention.

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First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: May cause frostbite on contact with the liquid. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Asphyxia by lack of oxygen: risk of death.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms. In elevated concentrations may cause asphyxiation, central nervous system effects, and increased breathing rate. Symptoms of asphyxiation include headache, dizziness, rapid breathing, increased pulse, mood changes, tremors, cyanosis, muscular weakness, narcosis, numbness of the extremities, unconsciousness and death.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. Contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause frostbite and freeze burns.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. Contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause frostbite, freeze burns, and permanent eye damage.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Not considered a potential route of exposure, but contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause freeze burns and frostbite.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use fire extinguisher with class B rating. Carbon dioxide, dry chemical. Sand.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Flammable aerosol.

Explosion Hazard: Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries. Container may explode in heat of fire.

Reactivity: Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion. Hazardous reactions may occur on contact with certain chemicals. Refer to incompatible materials.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Remove containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Do not get water inside containers. Do not apply water stream directly at source of leak. DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches containers. Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Thermal decomposition generates: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Nitrogen oxides. Aliphatic fragments. Hydrocarbons. Fluorinated hydrocarbons. Methanol. Formaldehyde. hydrofluoric acid. Phosgene. Fluorine compounds. Aldehydes. Ketones. Irritating fumes.

Other Information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors, gas.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

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Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area. Eliminate ignition sources. Evacuate unnecessary personnel, isolate, and ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Stop leak, if possible without risk. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources. Stop the source of the release, if safe to do so. Consider the use of water spray to disperse vapors. Isolate the area until gas has dispersed. Ventilate and gas test area before entering. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Use only non-sparking tools. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Pressurized container: may burst if heated. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers. Ruptured cylinders may rocket. Asphyxiating gas at high concentrations. Contact with the liquefied gas may cause frostbite.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not breathe gas. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. **Storage Conditions:** Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from ignition sources. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Keep in fireproof place.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Concentrated Oxygen. Acid anhydrides. Powdered metals. Alkalis. Alkali earth metals. Nitric acid. Sulfuric acid. Potassium permanganate. Halogenated compounds. Attacks some forms of plastics, rubber, and coatings.

Specific End Use(s) No use is specified.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)			
USA AIHA	WEEL TWA (ppm)	1000 ppm	
1,1-Difluoro	ethane (75-37-6)		
USA AIHA	WEEL TWA (ppm)	1000 ppm	
Propane (74-	Propane (74-98-6)		
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1800 mg/m³	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm	
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	2100 ppm (10% LEL)	

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USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1800 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (nig/m)	1000 ppm
Butane (106-	, , , , ,	1000 ββιτι
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	1000 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1900 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (Ing/III)	800 ppm
Cyclohexane	, , , , ,	000 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1050 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (Ing/III)	300 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	1300 ppm (10% LEL)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1050 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (nig/m)	300 ppm
Benzene (71-	, , , , ,	300 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	0.5 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm) ACGIH STEL (ppm)	2.5 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIT STEE (ppin) ACGIT STEE (ppin)	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the
USA ACGIN	Acdin chemical category	cutaneous route, Confirmed Human Carcinogen
USA ACGIH	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	25 μg/g Kreatinin Parameter: S-Phenylmercapturic acid - Medium:
		urine - Sampling time: end of shift (background)
		500 μg/g Kreatinin Parameter: t,t-Muconic acid - Medium: urine -
		Sampling time: end of shift (background)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	0.1 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	1 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	500 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	10 ppm
		1 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	5 ppm (see 29 CFR 1910.1028)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	25 ppm
Methyl aceta	ate (79-20-9)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	610 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	760 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	3100 ppm (10% LEL)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	610 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
Acetaldehyd	e (75-07-0)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	25 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Suspected Human Carcinogen
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	2000 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	360 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm

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Methyl alcoh	nol (67-56-1)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the
	,	cutaneous route
USA ACGIH	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	15 mg/l Parameter: Methanol - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end
		of shift (background, nonspecific)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	325 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	6000 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
Acetic acid (6	54-19-7)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	25 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	10 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	37 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	15 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	50 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	25 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	10 ppm
Acetone (67-	64-1)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	250 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	500 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA ACGIH	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	25 mg/l Parameter: Acetone - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end
		of shift (nonspecific)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	590 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	250 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	2500 ppm (10% LEL)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2400 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
Naphthalene	e (91-20-3)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the
		cutaneous route, Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown
		Relevance to Humans
USA ACGIH	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	Parameter: 1-Naphthol with hydrolysis plus 2-Naphthol with
		hydrolysis - Sampling time: end of shift (nonquantitative,
		nonspecific)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	50 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	10 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	75 mg/m³

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USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	15 ppm	
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	250 ppm	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	50 mg/m ³	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	10 ppm	
Particulates i	Particulates not otherwise classified (PNOC) (Not applicable)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m ³ Respirable fraction	
		10 mg/m³ Total Dust	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³ Respirable fraction	
		15 mg/m³ Total Dust	

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment

: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Respiratory protection of the dependent type.











Materials for Protective Clothing

: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Hand Protection

: Wear protective gloves. If material is cold, wear thermally resistant protective gloves.

Eve Protection

: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection

: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection

Other Information

: Use a NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.

Thermal Hazard Protection Environmental Exposure Controls

: Wear thermally resistant protective clothing.

: Avoid release to the environment.

: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State : Gas

Appearance : No data available
Odor : No data available

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available
Evaporation Rate : No data available

Evaporation Rate: No data availableMelting Point: No data availableFreezing Point: No data available

Boiling Point : 57.6 °C (135.68 °F) estimated

Flash Point : -104.4 °C (-155.92 °F) Propellant - estimated

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Auto-ignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature Flammability (solid, gas)

Vapor Pressure

Relative Vapor Density at 20°C

Relative Density Specific Gravity Solubility

Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water

Viscosity

Explosive Properties

Lower Flammable Limit Upper Flammable Limit

Other Information

Gas Group

Flame projection

Concentrate Viscosity

: No data available

: 0.72

: No data available

: No data available

: No data available

: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

: 3%

: 14.8 %

: Liquefied gas

: 24 in. with Flash Back of 2 in.

: 75-225 cPs

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion. Hazardous reactions may occur on contact with certain chemicals. Refer to incompatible materials.

Chemical Stability: Flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Concentrated Oxygen. Acid anhydrides. Powdered metals. Alkalis. Alkaline earth metals. Nitric acid. Sulfuric acid. Potassium permanganate. Halogenated compounds. Attacks some forms of plastics, rubber, and coatings.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	308 mg/l/4h
Propane (74-98-6)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	658 mg/l/4h
Butane (106-97-8)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	30957 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h)
Cyclohexane (110-82-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	12705 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	13.9 mg/l/4h
Benzene (71-43-2)	
LD50 Oral Rat	810 mg/kg

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GORILLA CONTRACTOR TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

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LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 8200 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	44.66 mg/l/4h
Methyl acetate (79-20-9)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5 g/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 5 g/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	16000 ppm/4h
Acetaldehyde (75-07-0)	
LD50 Oral Rat	660 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	24 mg/l/4h
LC50 Inhalation Rat	13000 ppm/4h
Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	3 mg/l/4h
LC50 Inhalation Rat	22500 ppm (Exposure time: 8 h)
ATE (Oral)	100.00 mg/kg body weight
ATE (Dermal)	300.00 mg/kg body weight
Acetic acid (64-19-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	3310 mg/kg
Acetone (67-64-1)	
LD50 Oral Rat	5800 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	15688 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	44 g/m³
LC50 Inhalation Rat	75.8 mg/l/4h
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LD50 Oral Rat	533 - 710 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	1120 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 340 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 1 h)

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Benzene (71-43-2)	
IARC group	1
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Evidence of Carcinogenicity, Known Human Carcinogens.
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.
OSHA Specifically Regulated Carcinogen List	In OSHA Specifically Regulated Carcinogen list.
Acetaldehyde (75-07-0)	
IARC group	1, 2B
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen.
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
IARC group	2B
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen.
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.

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FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCYDURING BUSINESS HOURS: (800) 966-3458 | OUTSIDE BUSINESS HOURS: (800) 420-7186

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms. In elevated concentrations may cause asphyxiation, central nervous system effects, and increased breathing rate. Symptoms of asphyxiation include headache, dizziness, rapid breathing, increased pulse, mood changes, tremors, cyanosis, muscular weakness, narcosis, numbness of the extremities, unconsciousness and death.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. Contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause frostbite and freeze burns.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. Contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause frostbite, freeze burns, and permanent eye damage.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Not considered a potential route of exposure, but contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause freeze burns and frostbite.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ecology - General : Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

1,1-Difluoroethane (75-37-6)	
LC50 Fish 1	733 mg/l
EC50 Daphnia 1	720 mg/l
ErC50 (Algae)	419 mg/l
Cyclohexane (110-82-7)	
LC50 Fish 1	3.96 - 5.18 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.9 mg/l
LC50 Fish 2	23.03 - 42.07 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
Benzene (71-43-2)	
LC50 Fish 1	10.7 - 14.7 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	8.76 - 15.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
LC50 Fish 2	5.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 2	10 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
Methyl acetate (79-20-9)	
LC50 Fish 1	295 - 348 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	1026.7 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 Fish 2	250 - 350 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static])
Acetaldehyde (75-07-0)	
LC50 Fish 1	28 (28.0 - 34.0) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-
	through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	3.64 (3.64 - 6.15) mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
LC50 Fish 2	53 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
EC50 Daphnia 2	48.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)	
LC50 Fish 1	28200 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	1340 mg/l

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LC50 Fish 2	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])	
Acetic acid (64-19-7)	2 200 mg// (Exposure time, 50 m - Species, i intepnates prometas (static))	
LC50 Fish 1	79 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])	
EC50 Daphnia 1	65 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Prinephales profile as [static])	
LC50 Fish 2	75 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])	
	73 mg/1 (Exposure time: 30 m - Species: Lepomis macrocinius (static))	
Acetone (67-64-1) LC50 Fish 1	A1AA QAC mag/l/(Fungasuma timasu QC b. Smaniagu Omagubumahumahuma multiga)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	4144.846 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
LC50 Fish 2	1679.66 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static]) 6210 (6210 - 8120) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas	
LC50 FISH 2	[static])	
EC50 Daphnia 2	12600 (12600 - 12700) mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)	
	12000 (12000 - 12700) Hig/I (Exposure time: 46 H - Species: Daphina magna)	
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	F. 74 C. 44 mg/l/Eurosuro timos OC h. Species: Dimembales promotes [flow through]	
LC50 Fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1	5.74 - 6.44 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through]) 2.16 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)	
LC50 Fish 2	1.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna) 1.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])	
EC50 Daphnia 2	1.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncomynchus mykiss [ilow-tirrough]) 1.96 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Flow through])	
Persistence and Degradability	1.30 Hig/T (Exposure time: 48 H - Species: Daphilla Hiagha [Flow through])	
Gorilla Spray Adhesive		
Persistence and Degradability	May cause long term adverse effects in the environment	
	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.	
Acetone (67-64-1)	Deadily biadage dable in water	
Persistence and Degradability Bioaccumulative Potential	Readily biodegradable in water.	
Gorilla Spray Adhesive Bioaccumulative Potential	Not cotablish od	
	Not established.	
Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)	0.40	
Log Pow	-0.18	
Propane (74-98-6)		
Log Pow	2.3	
Butane (106-97-8)		
Log Pow	2.89	
Cyclohexane (110-82-7)		
Log Pow	3.44	
Benzene (71-43-2)		
BCF Fish 1	3.5 - 4.4	
Log Pow	2.1	
Methyl acetate (79-20-9)		
Log Pow	0.18	
Acetaldehyde (75-07-0)		
Log Pow	0.5	
Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)		
BCF Fish 1	< 10	
Log Pow	-0.77	
Acetic acid (64-19-7)		
Log Pow	-0.31 (at 20 °C)	
<u> </u>		

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Acetone (67-64-1)		
BCF Fish 1	0.69	
Log Pow	-0.24	
Log Kow	-0.24	
Naphthalene (91-20-3)		
BCF Fish 1	30 - 430	
Log Pow	3.6	

Mobility in Soil No additional information available

Other Adverse Effects

Other Information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name : AEROSOLS flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

Hazard Class : 2.1

Identification Number : UN1950
Label Codes : 2.1

Marine Pollutant : Marine pollutant

ERG Number : 126

Other Information : A marine pollutant designation is not required when shipped in a single package or

combination packaging containing inner packaging with contents of 5L or less. Otherwise, the

above descriptions apply.

In Accordance with IMDG

Proper Shipping Name : AEROSOLS flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

Hazard Class : 2
Division : 2.1
Identification Number : UN1950
Label Codes : 2.1
EmS-No. (Fire) : F-D
EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-U



Marine Pollutant : Marine pollutant

Additional Information : This product, when in compliance with IMDG Code 37-14, section 2.10.2.7, is not subject to

any other provisions of the IMDG code relevant to marine pollutants. For inclusion in another hazard class all provisions of the IMDG code relevant to any additional hazards continue to

apply.

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According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations.

In Accordance with IATA

Proper Shipping Name : AEROSOLS, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

Identification Number: UN1950Hazard Class: 2Label Codes: 2.1Division: 2.1ERG Code (IATA): 10L

2

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

US Federal Regulations	
Gorilla Spray Adhesive	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard
	Sudden release of pressure hazard
	Immediate (acute) health hazard
Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory
1,1-Difluoroethane (75-37-6)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory
Propane (74-98-6)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory
Butane (106-97-8)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory
Cyclohexane (110-82-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA	Section 313
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %
Benzene (71-43-2)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA	Section 313
CERCLA RQ	10 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %
Methyl acetate (79-20-9)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory
Acetaldehyde (75-07-0)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA	Section 313
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule
	under TSCA
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %
Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb

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According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations.

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %
	1.0 %
Acetic acid (64-19-7) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contr	ral Act) inventory
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
	3000 lb
Acetone (67-64-1)	and Anth San and a mark
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contr	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
Benzene, ethenyl-, polymer with 1-methyl-4-(1-methyle	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contr	<u> </u>
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	XU - XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the
	Inventory Update Reporting Rule, i.e, Partial Updating of the TSCA
	Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(C))
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contr	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %
Benzene, 1,3-diethenyl-, polymer with 1,3-butadiene an	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contr	
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	XU - XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the
	Inventory Update Reporting Rule, i.e, Partial Updating of the TSCA
	Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(C))
S State Regulations	
Benzene (71-43-2)	Toursens and the second second
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of
	California to cause cancer.
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of
Toxicity	California to cause birth defects.
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of
Toxicity - Male	California to cause (Male) reproductive harm.
Acetaldehyde (75-07-0)	THARMING THE
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of
24 11 1 1 1 (57 55 4)	California to cause cancer.
Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)	THE PURPOSE THE PROPERTY OF TH
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of
Toxicity	California to cause birth defects.
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	Turania de la compania del compania del compania de la compania del compania de la compania del
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of
	California to cause cancer.
Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)	
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance L	ist
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
1,1-Difluoroethane (75-37-6)	

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- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

Propane (74-98-6)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Butane (106-97-8)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Cyclohexane (110-82-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Benzene (71-43-2)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Special Hazardous Substances
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Methyl acetate (79-20-9)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Acetaldehyde (75-07-0)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Acetic acid (64-19-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Acetone (67-64-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Naphthalene (91-20-3)

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- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR

1910.1200

NFPA health hazard : 1 - Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual

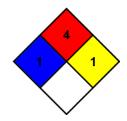
injury even if no treatment is given.

NFPA fire hazard : 4 - Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal pressure and temperature, or is readily dispersed in air and will burn

readily.

NFPA reactivity : 1 - Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures or may react with water with

some release of energy, but not violently.



GHS Full Text Phrases:

ruii Text Phrases:	
Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapor)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Eye Irrit. 2B	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B
Flam. Aerosol 1	Flammable aerosol Category 1
Flam. Gas 1	Flammable gases Category 1
Flam. Liq. 1	Flammable liquids Category 1
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3
Flam. Sol. 2	Flammable solids Category 2
Liquefied gas	Gases under pressure Liquefied gas
Muta. 1B	Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B

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Simple Asphy	Simple Asphyxiant
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H220	Extremely flammable gas
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol
H224	Extremely flammable liquid and vapor
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H228	Flammable solid
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H320	Causes eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H340	May cause genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H370	Causes damage to organs
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Simple Asphy	May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

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GORILLA

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The information presented in this Safety Data Sheet was prepared by qualified personnel and to the best of our knowledge is true and accurate. The information and recommendations are furnished for this product with the understanding that the purchaser will independently determine the suitability of the product for this purpose. This data does not constitute a warranty, expressed or implied, statutory or otherwise, nor is it representation for which The Gorilla Glue Company assumes legal responsibility. The data is submitted for the user's information and consideration only. Any use of this product must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, state, provincial and local laws and regulations.

Gorilla Glue US GHS SDS 2015

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