

1. Identification

Product identifier Dymon® Graffiti & Spray Paint Remover

Other means of identification

Part Number 07820

Recommended use Graffiti Remover

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name ITW Pro Brands

Address 805 E. Old 56 Highway
Olathe, KS 66061

Country (U.S.A.)

Tel: +1 800-443-9536

In Case of Emergency 1-800-535-5053 (Infotrac)

2. Hazard(s) identification

| | | |
|------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| Physical hazards | Flammable aerosols | Category 1 |
| | Gases under pressure | Liquefied gas |
| Health hazards | Skin corrosion/irritation | Category 2 |
| | Reproductive toxicity | Category 2 |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure | Category 3 narcotic effects |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure | Category 2 (central nervous system) |
| | Aspiration hazard | Category 1 |
| Environmental hazards | Not classified. | |
| OSHA defined hazards | Not classified. | |

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe gas. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|---------|
| Toluene | | 108-88-3 | 20 - 30 |
| Isobutane | | 75-28-5 | 10 - 20 |
| Methyl Ester of Soybean Oil | | 67784-80-9 | 5 - 10 |
| Crystalline Silica | Quartz | 14808-60-7 | 1 - 5 |
| Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether | | 111-76-2 | 1 - 5 |
| Propane | | 74-98-6 | 1 - 5 |
| Sorbitan monooleate | | 1338-43-8 | 1 - 5 |

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Not likely, due to the form of the product. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Water spray. Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in flame. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

Specific methods Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

General fire hazards Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe gas. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Scoop up used absorbent into drums or other appropriate container. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

Environmental precautions

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Do not breathe gas. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--|------|------------------------|------------------|
| Crystalline Silica (CAS 14808-60-7) | PEL | 0.05 mg/m ³ | Respirable dust. |
| Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether (CAS 111-76-2) | PEL | 240 mg/m ³ | |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | PEL | 50 ppm | |
| | | 1800 mg/m ³ | |
| | | 1000 ppm | |

US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value |
|------------------------|---------|---------|
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) | Ceiling | 300 ppm |
| | TWA | 200 ppm |

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|-------------------------------------|------|-----------|-------------|
| Crystalline Silica (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 0.1 mg/m3 | Respirable. |
| | | 2.4 mppcf | Respirable. |

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--|------|-------------|----------------------|
| Crystalline Silica (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 0.025 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |
| Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether (CAS 111-76-2) | TWA | 20 ppm | |
| Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) | STEL | 1000 ppm | |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) | TWA | 20 ppm | |

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--|------|------------|------------------|
| Crystalline Silica (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 0.05 mg/m3 | Respirable dust. |
| Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether (CAS 111-76-2) | TWA | 24 mg/m3 | |
| | | 5 ppm | |
| Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) | TWA | 1900 mg/m3 | |
| | | 800 ppm | |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | TWA | 1800 mg/m3 | |
| | | 1000 ppm | |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) | STEL | 560 mg/m3 | |
| | | 150 ppm | |
| | | 375 mg/m3 | |
| | TWA | 100 ppm | |

Biological limit values**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

| Components | Value | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time |
|--|-----------|--|---------------------|---------------|
| Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether (CAS 111-76-2) | 200 mg/g | Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis | Creatinine in urine | * |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) | 0.3 mg/g | o-Cresol, with hydrolysis | Creatinine in urine | * |
| | 0.03 mg/l | Toluene | Urine | * |
| | 0.02 mg/l | Toluene | Blood | * |

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines**US - California OELs: Skin designation**

Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether (CAS 111-76-2) Skin designation applies.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Gas.

Form Aerosol.

Color Light tan.

Odor Aromatic.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH 6.3 - 7.3

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range Not available.

Flash point < 35.6 °F (< 2.0 °C) (liquid)

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%) Not available.

Flammability limit - upper (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 125 psig @ 21°C (70°F)

Vapor density > 1 (air = 1)

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Fully miscible

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not available.

Other information

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| Density | 0.94 @ 21°C (70°F) |
| Explosive properties | Not explosive. |
| Oxidizing properties | Not oxidizing. |
| VOC | 49.6 % per US State and Federal Consumer Product Regulations |

10. Stability and reactivity

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
| Chemical stability | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. |
| Conditions to avoid | Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. Chlorine. Fluorine. Nitrates. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Carbon oxides. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| | |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. |
| Skin contact | Causes skin irritation. 2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans. |

Eye contact Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|------------------------|---------|------------------------|
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | > 5000 mg/kg, 24 Hours |
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | Rat | 13 - 29 mg/l, 4 Hours |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 2.6 g/kg |

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

ACGIH Carcinogens

Crystalline Silica (CAS 14808-60-7) A2 Suspected human carcinogen.

Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether (CAS 111-76-2)

A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Crystalline Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)

1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether (CAS 111-76-2)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

| | |
|---|--|
| Reproductive toxicity | Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | May cause drowsiness and dizziness. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | May cause damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Aspiration hazard | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| Chronic effects | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. 2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans. |

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|--|---------|---|
| Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether (CAS 111-76-2) | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Inland silverside (Menidia beryllina) 1250 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) 5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Coho salmon, silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch) 8.11 mg/l, 96 hours |

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

| | |
|---------------------------------|------|
| Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether | 0.83 |
| Isobutane | 2.76 |
| Propane | 2.36 |
| Toluene | 2.73 |

Mobility in soil This product is water soluble and may disperse in soil.

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F
D003: Waste Reactive material

| | |
|--|--|
| Waste from residues / unused products | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). |
| Contaminated packaging | Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers. |

14. Transport information

DOT

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| UN number | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity) |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 2.1 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Label(s) | 2.1 |
| Packing group | Not available. |
| Environmental hazards | |
| Marine pollutant | No |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Special provisions | N82 |
| Packaging exceptions | 306 |
| Packaging non bulk | None |
| Packaging bulk | None |

IATA

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| UN number | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | Aerosols, flammable |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 2.1 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Packing group | Not available. |
| Environmental hazards | No. |
| ERG Code | 10L |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Other information | |
| Passenger and cargo aircraft | Allowed with restrictions. |
| Cargo aircraft only | Allowed with restrictions. |

IMDG

| | |
|---|---|
| UN number | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | Aerosols, flammable |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 2.1 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Packing group | Not available. |
| Environmental hazards | |
| Marine pollutant | No |
| EmS | F-D, S-U |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code | Not applicable. |

DOT



IATA; IMDG



General information Ensure compliance with applicable regulations.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

Classified hazard categories

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
Gas under pressure
Skin corrosion or irritation
Reproductive toxicity
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
Aspiration hazard

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

| Chemical name | CAS number | % by wt. |
|---------------|------------|----------|
| TOLUENE | 108-88-3 | 20 - 30 |

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

594

US state regulations**US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act**

Crystalline Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)

Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether (CAS 111-76-2)

Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

California Proposition 65**WARNING:** This product can expose you to Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.**California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin**

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Listed: January 1, 1991

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Crystalline Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)

Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether (CAS 111-76-2)

Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | Yes |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | No |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | Yes |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | No |
| Taiwan | Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI) | Yes |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision**Issue date** 08-31-2018**Version #** 01

Disclaimer ITW Pro Brands cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.